

Homework Chapter 6 2012,
 Saturday, October 22, 2011
 8:37 AM

(65) a) $PV\bar{P} = PV\bar{B}$

$$P\ddot{a}_{65} = 50,000 A_{65}$$

$$P = \frac{50,000 (.43980)}{9.8969} = \boxed{2221.91}$$

(b) $L_0^n = 50000 V^{k_x+1} - 2221.91 \ddot{a}_{k_x+1}$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}[L_0^n] &= \left(5 + \frac{P}{d}\right)^2 A_x - (A_x)^2 \\ &= \left(50,000 + \frac{2221.91}{(\frac{.06}{1.06})}\right) \left(.23603 - (.43980)^2 \right) \\ &= \boxed{339,408,907} \end{aligned}$$

(d) $PV\bar{P} = PV\bar{B}$

$$12P\ddot{a}_{65}^{(12)} = 50,000 A_{65}$$

$$P = \frac{50,000 (.43980)}{12 (\alpha(12) \ddot{a}_{65} - \beta(12))}$$

$$= \frac{50,000 (.43980)}{12 [(1.00028)(9.8969) - 0.46812]}$$

$$= \boxed{194.29}$$

⑥ ②

$$P_{VP} = P_{VB}$$

$$P \bar{a}_{75} = 50000 \bar{A}_{75}$$

$$P = \frac{50000}{\bar{a}_{75}} \bar{A}_x$$

$$= \frac{50000 \bar{A}_{75}}{\frac{1 - \bar{A}_{75}}{\delta}}$$

$$= \frac{50000 \left(\frac{i}{\delta}\right) A_{75} (\delta)}{1 - \left(\frac{i}{\delta}\right) A_{75}}$$

$$= \frac{50000 (.06)(.59149)}{1 - (1.02971)(.59149)}$$

$$= \boxed{4539.02}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad L_0^n = 50000 \sqrt{T_x} - 4539.02 \bar{a}_{\bar{x}}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \text{Var}[L_0^n] = \left(s + \frac{\rho}{\delta}\right)^2 \left({}^2 \bar{A}_{75} - (A_{75})^2 \right)$$

$$- 1,222,222 + 4539.02^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left(50000 + \frac{4539.02}{\ln(1.06)} \right)^2 \\
 &\quad \left(\frac{(1.06)^2 - 1}{2 \ln(1.06)} A_{75} - (1.0297)(.59149) \right) \\
 &= \boxed{642,744,265}
 \end{aligned}$$

(67) (a) $PV_P = PV_B$

$$P \ddot{a}_{40:25} = 25000 A_{40:25}$$

$$P = \frac{25000 A_{40:25}}{\ddot{a}_{40:25}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{40:25} &= A_{40} - {}_{25}E_{40} A_{65} + {}_{25}E_{60} \\
 &= .16132 - (.27414)(.68756)(.43980) \\
 &\quad + (.27414)(.68756) \\
 &= .26691
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\ddot{a}_{40:25} = \frac{1 - A_{40:25}}{d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= \frac{25000 (.26691)}{1 - .26691} = \boxed{515.22} \\
 &\quad \frac{.06}{1.06}
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) $25000 \sqrt{\min(k_x+1, 25)}$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad 25000 \sqrt{\min(k_{x+1}, 25)}$$

$$= 515.22 \ddot{a}_{\min(k_{x+1}, 25)}^{\infty}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \text{Var} = \left(S + \frac{P}{d} \right)^2 \left({}^2 A_{40:25} - \left(\overline{{}^2 A_{40:25}} \right) \right)$$

$$= \left(25,000 + \frac{515.22}{1.06} \right)^2.$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left({}^2 A_{40} - \sqrt{\frac{l_{65}}{l_{40}}} {}^2 A_{65} + \sqrt{\frac{l_{65}}{l_{40}}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. - \left(A_{40} - \sqrt{\frac{l_{65}}{l_{40}}} A_{65} + \sqrt{\frac{l_{65}}{l_{40}}} \right) \right) \\ & = 1,162,961,409 \left(0.08218129 - (.266909)^2 \right) \\ & = \boxed{12,723,898} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad P \vee P = P \vee B$$

$$12. P \ddot{a}_{40:25}^{(12)} = 25000 A_{40:25}$$

$$P = \frac{25000 (26691)}{12 \left(1 - \frac{i_{(12)} A_{40:25}}{d^{(12)}} \right)} \leftarrow \text{from part a}$$

$$= \frac{25000 (.26691)}{12 \left(1 - (1.02721)(.26691) \right)}$$

0.05813

$$= \boxed{44.53}$$

68 $P_{VP} = P_{VB}$

$$12P \ddot{a}_{35:\overline{15}}^{(12)} = 500,000 \bar{A}_{35:\overline{30}}^1$$

$$P = \frac{500060 \left(\frac{i}{5}\right) \left(A_{35-30} E_{35} A_{65}\right)}{12 \left(\alpha_{(12)} \ddot{a}_{35} - \beta_{(12)} - {}_{15}E_{35} \left[\alpha_{(12)} \ddot{a}_{50} - \beta_{(12)}\right]\right)}$$

$$= \frac{34,743.12898}{118,2384112} = \boxed{293.84}$$

69 $P_{VP} = P_{VB}$

$$P = 1000 (12) \left(\ddot{a}_{25}^{(12)}\right)$$

$$= 1000 (12) (\alpha_{(12)} \ddot{a}_{25} - \beta_{(12)})$$

$$= \boxed{189,127}$$

70 $P_{VP} = P_{VB}$

$$P \ddot{a}_{20:\overline{10}} = 100000 \cdot 45 \cdot \ddot{a}_{20}$$

$$P = \frac{100000 \cdot 45 E_{20} \ddot{a}_{65}}{\ddot{a}_{20} - 10 E_{20} \ddot{a}_{30}}$$

$$= 100,000 \sqrt[45]{\frac{1}{65}} (9.8969)$$

$$= \frac{100,000 \sqrt[45]{\frac{1.65}{1.20}} (9.8969)}{16,5133 - (.55164)(15.8561)}$$

$$= \boxed{72.52.05}$$

⑦ ⑧ PVP = PVB

$$P(1000 + 900V + 720V^2 + 432V^3 + 216V^4)$$

$$= 5000(100V + 180V^2 + 288V^3 + 216V^4 + 216V^5)$$

$$P = \frac{4,403,894.381}{3099.749221} = \boxed{1420.73}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \left(5000 + \frac{1420.73}{d} \right) \left(2A_{90} - (A_{90})^2 \right)$$

$$A_{90} = 0.8807788762$$

$$2A_{90} = \frac{100V^2 + 180V^4 + 288V^6 + 216V^8 + 216V^{10}}{1000}$$

$$\approx 0.777681904$$

$$Var = \boxed{3,360,293}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad P \vee P = P \vee B$$

$$12 P \ddot{a}_{90: \overline{27}}^{(12)} = 5000 \bar{A}_{90}$$

$$P = \frac{5000 \left(\frac{0.04}{\ln(1.04)} \right) (83077.8876)}{12 \left(\frac{1 - \frac{0.04}{12[(1.04)^{1/12}-1]} \left(\frac{100V + 180V^2}{1000} \right) - \frac{720}{1000} V}{12[1 - (1.04)^{-\frac{1}{12}}]} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{4491.394537}{12(1.710200869)} =$$

$$= \boxed{218.85}$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad P \vee P = P \vee B$$

$$350 (99802 + 99689V + 99502V^2)$$

$$= S \left\{ (99802 - 99689)V + (99689 - 99502)V^2 + (99502 - 99283)V^3 \right\}$$

$$S = \frac{98,841,628.27}{456,9097309} =$$

$$216,326.38$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad L_0^n = 216,326.38 \sqrt{-350 \ddot{a}_{k_x+1}}$$

$$K_x=0 \quad \frac{L_0^n}{203,731.49} \quad \frac{\text{Prob}}{113/99802}$$

$$K_x=1 \quad 191,849.52 \quad \frac{187}{99802}$$

$$K_x=1 \quad 191,849.52 \quad \frac{187}{99802}$$

$$K_x=2 \quad 180,640.11 \quad \frac{219}{99802}$$

$$\rightarrow K_x > 2 - 991.69 \quad \frac{99283}{99802}$$

Since this is a term insurance,
if the insured lives 3 years,
we will have paid no benefits
and collect 3 premiums. Our
loss is $0 - 350 \times \frac{1}{3}$. The
probability of this loss is ${}_3 P_x$.

$$E[L] = 0$$

$$\text{Var}[L] = E[L^2] - (E[L])^2$$

$$= E[L^2] =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (203,731.49)^2 \left(\frac{113}{99802} \right) + \\ & (191,849.52)^2 \left(\frac{187}{99802} \right) + \\ & (180,640.11)^2 \left(\frac{219}{99802} \right) \\ & + (-991.69)^2 \left(\frac{99283}{99802} \right) \\ & = 188,541,302.8 \end{aligned}$$

$$SD = \sqrt{\text{Var}} = 13,731.03$$

$$\textcircled{C} \quad \text{Prob}\{L_0 > 0\} = 1 - \frac{99283}{99802} \\ = 1 - 0.00527$$

73 For both, the formula is

$$PV = PV_B$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(1 + \sqrt{\rho_{21}} + \sqrt[2]{\rho_{21}}) \\ = 100,000 (\sqrt{g_{21}} + \sqrt[2]{\rho_{21} g_{22}} + \sqrt[3]{\rho_{21} g_{23}}) \\ P = \frac{100,000 (\sqrt{g_{21}} + \sqrt[2]{\rho_{21} g_{22}} + \sqrt[3]{\rho_{21} g_{23}})}{1 + \sqrt{\rho_{21}} + \sqrt[2]{\rho_{21}}} \end{aligned}$$

The ρ 's & g 's will be different.

For hong xiao, we use values straight out of our table

$$\begin{aligned} P = \frac{100,000 \left[\left(\frac{1}{1.05} \right) (1.00106) + \left(\frac{1}{1.05} \right)^2 (1.00106)(.0011) + \left(\frac{1}{1.05} \right)^3 (1 - 0.00106)(1 - 0.0011)(6.06113) \right]}{1 + \frac{1}{1.05} (1 - 0.00106) + \left(\frac{1}{1.05} \right)^2 (1 - 0.00106)(1 - 0.00110)} \\ = \frac{298.02278}{2.85644} = 104.33 \end{aligned}$$

For Matthew, the mortality is different

$$, \rho_{21} = (\rho_{21}) / e^{-0.05} = (1 - m) e^{-0.05}$$

$$1 \rho_{21} = (\rho_{21}) \left(e^{-0.05} \right) = (1 - 0.00106) e^{-0.05}$$

↑
from table

$$= 0.95022$$

$$2 \rho_{21} = 2 \rho_{21} \left(e^{-0.05(2)} \right)$$

$$= (1 - 0.00106)(1 - 0.0011) \left(e^{-0.10} \right)$$

$$= 0.90288$$

$$3 \rho_{21} = 3 \rho_{21} \left(e^{-0.005(3)} \right)$$

$$(1 - 0.00106)(1 - 0.0011)(1 - 0.0013) e^{-0.15}$$

$$= 0.85788$$

$$g_{21} = 1 - \rho_{21} = 0.04978$$

$$2 \rho_{21} = \rho_{21} \cdot \rho_{22} = \rho_{21} (1 - g_{22})$$

$$\therefore g_{22} = 1 - \frac{2 \rho_{21}}{\rho_{21}} = 0.04982$$

$$3 \rho_{21} = 2 \rho_{21} \cdot \rho_{23} = 2 \rho_{21} (1 - g_{23})$$

$$\therefore g_{23} = 1 - \frac{3 \rho_{21}}{2 \rho_{21}} = 0.04985$$

1 1 1 . . . 21 11 11

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= \frac{100,000 \left[\left(\frac{1}{1.05} \right) (0.04978) + \left(\frac{1}{1.05} \right)^2 (1 - 0.04978)(0.04982) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \left(\frac{1}{1.05} \right)^3 (1 - 0.04978)(1 - 0.04982)(0.04985) \right]}{1 + \frac{1}{1.05} (-.95022) + \left(\frac{1}{1.05} \right)^2 (.90288)} \\
 &= \frac{12922.83584}{272,39102} = 4744.22
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta \bar{m} P_{\text{rem}} = 4744.22 - 104.33 = 4639.89$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 ④ P_{UB} &= PV\bar{P} \\
 PV\bar{B} &= 25,000 A'_{[25]:\overline{37}} \\
 P_{UP} &= P \ddot{a}_{[25]:\overline{37}}^{(4)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$l_{[25]} A_{[25]:\overline{37}} = v^2 d_{[25]} + v^3 d_{[25]+1} + v^3 d_{[25]+2}$$

$$1100A = \left(\frac{1}{1.06} \right) (40) + \left(\frac{1}{1.06} \right)^2 (60) + \left(\frac{1}{1.06} \right)^3 (100)$$

$$A_{[25]:\overline{37}} = \frac{175.09756}{1100} = 0.1591796$$

$$\ddot{a}_{[25]:\overline{37}}^{(4)} = \ddot{a}_{[25]:\overline{37}} \alpha(4) - \beta(4) (1 - {}_3E_{[25]})$$

$${}_3E_{[25]} = v^3 {}_3P_{[25]} = \left(\frac{1}{1.06} \right)^3 \left(\frac{960}{1100} \right)$$

$$= 0.68696$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ddot{a}_{[25]:\overline{37}} &= 1 + v {}_1P_{[25]} + v^2 {}_2P_{[25]} \\
 &= 1 + \frac{1}{1.06} \left(\frac{1060}{1100} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{1.06} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1000}{1100} \right) \\
 &= 2.71818
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 2.71818$$

$$\ddot{a}_{[25]}^{(4)}: \overline{3} = (2.71818)(1.00027) \\ - 0.38424 (1 - 0.68696)$$

$$= 2.59863$$

$$\text{Ann Prem} = \frac{25,000 (0.1591786)}{2.59863} = 1531.38$$

$$\text{Quarterly} = 1531.38 / 4 = 382.84$$

$$\textcircled{75} \quad PV\beta = PV P$$

$$PV\beta = 50,000 A_{40} - 25,000 {}_{25}E_{40} A_{65}$$

$$+ 25,000 {}_{25}E_{40}$$

$$= 50,000 (.16132) -$$

$$25,000 (.27414)(.68756)(.43980)$$

$$+ 25,000 (.27414)(.68756)$$

$$= 10,705.77$$

$$PVP = P \ddot{a}_{40} + P_{10} E_{40} \ddot{a}_{50}$$

$$= P (14.8166 + .53667 (13.2668))$$

$$= P (21.9365)$$

$$P = \frac{10,705.77}{21.9365} = 488.03$$

$$\textcircled{76} \quad PV\bar{P} = PV\bar{B} + PV\bar{E}$$

$$P\ddot{a}_{60} = 40000 \bar{A}_{60} + .75P + \\ .05P\ddot{a}_{60} + 275 \\ + 25\ddot{a}_{60}$$

$$P = \frac{40000 \left(\frac{i}{s}\right) A_{60} + 275 + 25\ddot{a}_{60}}{.95\ddot{a}_{60} - .75}$$

$$= \frac{40000 (1.02871)(.36913) + 275 +}{(25)(11.1454)} \\ (.95)(11.1454) - .75$$

$$= \frac{15757.50909}{9.83813}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{11601.68}}$$

$$\textcircled{77} \quad PV\bar{P} = PV\bar{B} + PV\bar{E}$$

$$P\ddot{a}_{80} = 10,000 A_{80} + 0.05P\ddot{a}_{80} \\ + (c - 0.05)P + 275 + 25\ddot{a}_{80}$$

$$(1279.21)(5.9050) = 10,000 (.66575) + \\ (.05)(1279.21)(5.9050) + (c - 0.05)(1279.21) \\ + 275 + 25(5.9050)$$

$$c = \frac{159.88}{1279.21} = \underline{\underline{12.5\%}}$$

78 First, find the Annual Benefit Premium

$$PVP = PV B$$

$$P(\ddot{a}_{40} - {}_{20}E_{40}\ddot{a}_{60}) = 100,000 {}_{20}E_{40} A_{60}$$

$$P = \frac{100,000 (.27414)(.36913)}{14,8166 - (0,27414)(11.1481)}$$

$$= 860.40$$

$$\text{Gross} = 1.25 P = 1.25 (860.40)$$

$$= 1075.50$$

$$E[L_0] = PV B + PVE - PV \text{Gross Prem}$$

$$= PV B + PVE - PV(1.25) \text{ Ben Prem}$$

$$= PVE - PV(.25) \text{ Ben Prem}$$

since $PVB = PV \text{ of Ben Prem}$

$$E[L_0] = 0.2(1075.50)$$

$$+ 0.05(1075.50)(14,8166 - (0,27414)(11.1481))$$

$$+ 60 + SD(14,8166)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + 60 + 50 (14.8166) \\
 & - 0.25 (860.40)(14.8166 - (0.27414)(11.1434)) \\
 & = - 881.44
 \end{aligned}$$

(79) $PV\bar{P} = PV\bar{B} + PV\bar{E}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P\ddot{a}_{70:\overline{20}} &= 1,000,000 A_{70:\overline{20}} \\
 & + 0.07 P\ddot{a}_{70:\overline{20}} + 0.43 P \\
 & + 1000 + (1)(1000) + 40 \ddot{a}_{70:\overline{20}} \\
 & + 500 A_{70:\overline{20}} \\
 \hline
 & \frac{1,000,500 A_{70:\overline{20}} + 2000 +}{40 \ddot{a}_{70:\overline{20}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P = & \\
 & .93 \ddot{a}_{70:\overline{20}} - 0.43
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{70:\overline{20}} &= A_{70} - {}_{20}\bar{E}_{70} A_{70} \\
 &= .51496 - (0.04988)(.79346) \\
 &= 0.475372215
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ddot{a}_{70:\overline{20}} &= \ddot{a}_{70} - {}_{20}\bar{E}_{70} \ddot{e}_{70} \\
 &= 8.5693 - (0.04988)(3.6488) \\
 &= 8.387297856
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P_c \quad \overline{477,845.393} \\ 7.370187006$$

$$= 64,848.48$$

$$\textcircled{80} \quad PVB + PVE = PV\bar{P}$$

$$300,000 A_{35} - 100,000 {}_{10}E_{35} A_{45}$$

$$- 100,000 {}_{20}E_{35} A_{55} - 100,000 {}_{30}E_{35} A_{65}$$

$$+ (.45)(36) +$$

$$+ 50 (A_{35} - {}_{30}E_{35} A_{65}) + 400$$

$$= (.95) \left(36 A_{35} - 6 {}_{10}E_{35} A_{45} - 6 {}_{20}E_{35} A_{55} - 6 {}_{30}E_{35} A_{65} \right)$$

↑
TO REFLECT 5% of Prem Commision

$$100,000 \left[3(.12872) - (.54318)(0.20120) \right]$$

$$- (.28600)(0.30514) - (.28600)(.4886)(0.43980) \\ + 50 \left[15.3926 - (.28600)(.4886)(9.8969) \right] + 400$$

$$G = \frac{(.95) \left[(3)(15.3926) - (.54318)(14.1121) - (.28600)(12.2768) - (.28600)(.4886)(9.8969) \right] - (.45)(3)}{(.95) \left[(3)(15.3926) - (.54318)(14.1121) - (.28600)(12.2768) - (.28600)(.4886)(9.8969) \right]}$$

$$G = \frac{13940.61106}{36.59416} = \underline{\underline{455.66}}$$

$$\textcircled{81} \quad \textcircled{a} \quad PVP = PVB + PVE$$

$$P \ddot{a}_{35} = 250,000 A_{35} + 300 + 50 \ddot{a}_{35}$$

$$P = \frac{250,000 (.12872) + 300}{15.3928} + 50$$

$$= 2160.10$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad r = \frac{1}{\delta} \ln \left[\frac{P - e + Sd}{P - e - Id} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\ln(1.06)} \ln \left[\frac{2160.10 - 50 + (250,000)(\frac{.06}{1.06})}{2160.10 - 50 - (300)(\frac{.06}{1.06})} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\ln(1.06)} \ln(7,76881029)$$

$$= 35.18$$

$$\Pr \{ k_x+1 > 35.18 \} =$$

$$\Pr \{ k_x \geq 35 \} = \frac{l_{35}}{l_{35}}$$

$$= \frac{6,616,155}{9,420,657} = \boxed{.70230}$$

\textcircled{c}

$$L_{0,i} = 250,000 V^{k_{35}-1} + 300$$

$$+ 50 \ddot{a}_{\overline{k-1}} - P \ddot{a}_{\overline{k_{35}-1}}$$

$$+ 50 \ddot{a}_{\overline{k_{35}+1}} - P \ddot{a}_{\overline{k_{35}+1}}$$

$$E[L_{0,i}] = 250,000 A_{35}$$

$$+ 300 + 50(\ddot{a}_{35}) - P \ddot{a}_{35} =$$

$$250,000(.12872) + 300 +$$

$$50(15.3926) - P(15.3926)$$

$$= 33,249.63 - 15.3926 P$$

$$\text{Var}[L_{0,i}] = \text{Var}[250,000 V^{k_{35}+1} + 300 + 50 \left(\frac{1-V^{k_{35}+1}}{d} \right) - P \left(\frac{1-V^{k_{35}+1}}{d} \right)]$$

$$= \text{Var} \left[\left(250,000 + \frac{P-50}{d} \right) V^{k_{35}+1} + 300 + \frac{50}{d} - \frac{P}{d} \right]$$

$$= \left(250,000 + \frac{P-50}{d} \right)^2 \left(\text{Var} \left[V^{k_{35}+1} \right] \right)$$

$$= \left(250,000 + \frac{P-50}{d} \right)^2 \left(2A_{35} - (A_{35})^2 \right)$$

$$= \left(250,000 + \frac{P-50}{d} \right)^2 \left(0.03488 - (.12872)^2 \right)$$

$$= 17,750,000 + \frac{P-50}{d}^2 (0.01831162)$$

$$= \left(250,000 + \frac{P-50}{\alpha} \right)^2 (0.01831162)$$

$$\frac{E[L]}{\sqrt{Var[L]}} = -\phi^{-1}(0.95) = -1.645$$

$$E[L] = N E[L_{0,i}]$$

$$Var[L] = N Var[L_{0,i}]$$

$$\frac{(10,000)(33,249.63 - 15.3926 P)}{\sqrt{(10,000)\left(250,000 + \frac{P-50}{\alpha}\right)^2 (0.01831162)}}$$

$$= -1.645$$

$$= \frac{100 (33,249.63 - 15.3926 P)}{(250,000 + \frac{P-50}{\alpha}) (0.135318741)} = -1.645$$

$$33,249.63 - 1539.26 P =$$

$$-55453.20283 - 3.932588 P$$

$$P = \frac{33,249.63 + 55453.20283}{1539.26 - 3.932588}$$

$$= \boxed{2201.76}$$

(82)

$$(a) P \vee P = P \vee B + P \vee E$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad P \vee P = P \vee B + P \vee E$$

$$P(900 + 720V + 432V^2 + 216V^3)$$

$$= 10600 \underbrace{(180V + 288V^2 + 216V^3 + 216V^4)}_{\textcircled{b}} + (900)(200) +$$

$$40 \underbrace{(900 + 720V + 432V^2 + 216V^3)}_{\textcircled{a}}$$

$$\textcircled{a} = 2183.73919$$

$$\textcircled{b} = 816.0100312$$

$$P = \frac{10600(816.0100312) + 180,000 + 40(2183.73919)}{2183.73919}$$

$$= \boxed{3859.18333}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad L_0^g = 10000V^{K_x+1} + 200 + 40 \ddot{a}_{K_x+1} - 3859.18 \ddot{c}_{K_x+1}$$

$K_x = 1$	$\frac{L_0^g}{5996.20}$	$\frac{P_{10b}}{\frac{180}{900}}$
$K_x = 2$	1954.09	$\frac{2.88}{900}$
$K_x = 3$	-1932.55	$\frac{216}{900}$
$K_x = 4$	-5669.71	$\frac{216}{900}$

$$E(L) = 0.002 \quad \checkmark$$

$$E(L) = 0.008 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{O} \quad \text{Var}(L) = E(L^2) - (E(L))^2$$

$$= E(L^2) - (0)^2 = E(L^2)$$

$$E(L^2) = (5996.20)^2 \left(\frac{180}{900}\right) +$$

$$(1954.09)^2 \left(\frac{288}{900}\right) + (-1932.55)^2 \left(\frac{216}{900}\right)$$

$$+ (-5619.71)^2 \left(\frac{216}{900}\right) =$$

$17,024,079.2$

(d) $L_0^g = 10000 \nu^{k_x+1} + 200 +$
 $40 \ddot{a}_{k_x+1} - 4000 \ddot{\tilde{a}}_{k_x+1}$

$k_x = 1$	$\frac{L_0^g}{5855.38}$	$\frac{p_{10,b}}{\frac{180}{900}}$
$k_x = 2$	1677.87	$\frac{288}{900}$
$k_x = 3$	-2338.97	$\frac{216}{900}$
$k_x = 4$	-6201.32	$\frac{216}{900}$

$$E\{L_0^g\} = \boxed{-341.68}$$

$$E[L_0^2] = 18,300,490 - (341.68)^2$$

$18,183,745$

(83)

$$L_{0,i} = 400000 \sqrt{K_{60}^{60+1}} + 275 +$$

$$25 \ddot{a}_{\overline{K_{60}+1}} + .75P + .05P \ddot{a}_{\overline{K_{60}+1}} - P \ddot{a}_{\overline{K_{60}+1}}$$

$$= 400000 V^{K_{60}^{60+1}} + 275 + 25 \ddot{a}_{\overline{K_{60}+1}} + .75P - .95P \ddot{a}_{\overline{K_{60}+1}}$$

$$\mathbb{E}[L_{0,i}] = 400000(.36913) + 275 + 25(11.1454) + .75P - .95P(11.1454)$$

$$= 148,205,635 - 9,83813P$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{E}[L] = 100(148205.635 - 9.83813P)$$

$$\text{Var}[L_{0,i}] = \text{Var}\left(400000 \sqrt{K_{60}^{60+1}} + 275 + 25 \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{K_{60}^{60+1}}}{d}\right) + .75P - .95P \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{K_{60}^{60+1}}}{d}\right)\right]$$

$$= \text{Var}\left[\left(400000 + \frac{.95P - 25}{d}\right) \sqrt{K_{60}^{60+1}}\right]$$

$$= \left(400000 + \frac{.95P - 25}{d}\right)^2 \left(2A_{60} \cdot (A_{60})^2\right)$$

$$= \left(400000 + \frac{.95P - 25}{d}\right)^2 \left(.17741 - (.36913)^2\right)$$

$$= \left(400000 + \frac{.95P - 25}{d} \right) \left(.17741 - (.36913)^2 \right)$$

$$\text{Var}[L] = 100 \left(400000 + \frac{.95P - 25}{d} \right) \left(0.041153643 \right)$$

$$\frac{E[L]}{\sqrt{\text{Var}[L]}} = -\phi^{-1}(.8) = -0.842$$

$$\frac{100 (148205.635 - 98.3813P)}{100 (400,000 + \frac{.95P - 25}{2}) (.202862128)}$$

$$= -0.842$$

$$1,482,056.35 - 98.3813P$$

$$= -68323.96471$$

$$- 2.86659686P$$

$$+ 75.44104437$$

$$= \boxed{16,231.09}$$